rate of abortions for calendar year 1995 and for the most recent year for which abortion data are available as defined in §283.2. These rates will equal the number of abortions reported by the State to ACF for the applicable year, divided by total live births among women living in the State reported by NCHS for the same year. We will calculate the rates to three decimal places.

(b) If ACF determines that the State's rate of abortions for the most recent year for which abortion data are available is less than the rate for 1995, and, if the State has met all the requirements listed elsewhere under this part, the State will receive the bonus.

§ 283.8 What will be the amount of the bonus?

- (a) If, for a bonus year, none of the eligible States is Guam, American Samoa or the Virgin Islands, then the amount of the grant shall be:
- (1) \$20 million per State if there are five eligible States; or
- (2) \$25 million per State if there are fewer than five eligible States.
- (b) If for a bonus year, Guam, the Virgin Islands, or American Samoa is an eligible State, then the amount of the grant shall be:
- (1) In the case of such a State, 25 percent of the mandatory ceiling amount as defined in section 1108 of the Act; and
- (2) In the case of any other State, \$100 million, minus the total amount of any bonuses paid to Guam, the Virgin Islands, and American Samoa, and divided by the number of eligible States other than Guam, American Samoa and the Virgin Islands, not to exceed \$25 million per State.

§ 283.9 What do eligible States need to know to access and use the bonus funds?

- (a) States must use the bonus funds to carry out the purposes of the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Block Grant in section 401 and 404 of the Act. This may include statewide programs to prevent and reduce the incidence of out-of-wedlock pregnancies.
- (b) As applicable, these funds are subject to the requirements in, and the

limitations of, sections 404 and 408 of the Act.

(c) For Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, and American Samoa, the bonus award funds are not subject to the mandatory ceilings on funding established in section 1108(c)(4) of the Act.

PART 284—METHODOLOGY FOR DETERMINING WHETHER AN INCREASE IN A STATE OR TERRITORY'S CHILD POVERTY RATE IS THE RESULT OF THE TANF PROGRAM

Sec.

284.10 What does this part cover?

284.11 What definitions apply to this part?

284.15 Who must submit information to ACF to carry out the requirements of this part?

- 284.20 What information will we use to determine the child poverty rate in each State?
- 284.21 What will we do if the State's child poverty rate increased five percent or more over the two-year period?
- 284.30 What information must the State include in its assessment of the impact of the TANF program(s) in the State on the increase in child poverty?
- 284.35 What action will we take in response to the State's assessment and other information?
- 284.40 When is a corrective action plan due? 284.45 What are the contents and duration of a corrective action plan?
- 284.50 What information will we use to determine the child poverty rate in each Territory?

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 613(i)

Source: 65 FR 39248, June 23, 2000, unless otherwise noted.

§ 284.10 What does this part cover?

- (a) This part describes the methodology for determining the child poverty rates in the States and the Territories, as required by section 413(i) of the Social Security Act, including determining whether the child poverty rate increased by five percent or more as a result of the TANF program(s) in the State or Territory. It also describes the content and duration of the corrective action plan.
- (b) The requirements of this part do not apply to any Territory that has never operated a TANF program.